

# The Use Of Proline<sup>®</sup> (Prothioconazole) To Control Forest Nursery Diseases

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Forest Nursery Mgt  
Cooperative Contact Mtg 2009



Southern United States – Approximately 1 Billion seedlings are grown annually for reforestation.

Seeds are sown in April and seedlings ready for field planting by December.



# Forest Nursery Seedling Diseases

Fusiform Rust



Pitch Canker



Rhizoctonia  
Foliar Blight





GROUP

3

FUNGICIDE

# ***PROLINE<sup>®</sup> 480 SC FUNGICIDE***

*For control of specified diseases on various crops.*

Active Ingredient: Prothioconazole, 2-[2-(1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione.....	41.0%
Inert Ingredients: .....	59.0%
Contains 4 pounds Prothioconazole per gallon	100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 264-825

EPA Est. 3125-MO-01

Prothioconazole was introduced at the Brighton Conference in 2002.

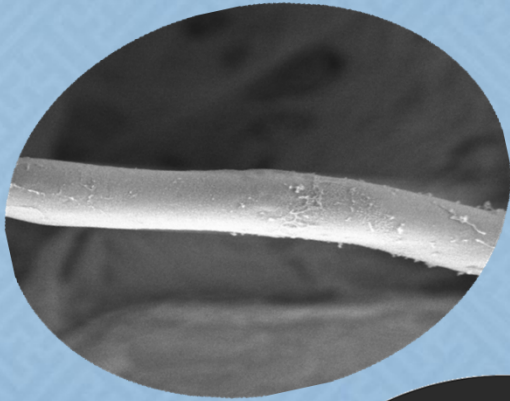
Proline<sup>®</sup> was registered in the USA on March 27, 2007.

# Prothioconazole

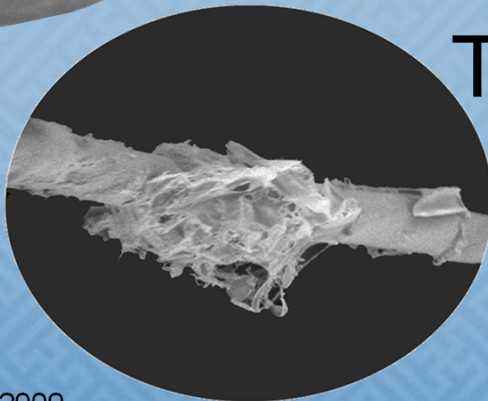
- Prothioconazole is xylem and phloem systemic
- Long-term protectant on the leaf surface
- Unique greening effects not seen with other azoles
- Stops fungal appressoria and haustoria formation, mycelial growth and spore formation
- Has shown good fungicidal activity in the control of ascomycetes, basidiomycetes, and deuteromycetes

# Prothioconazole

- Inhibits the production of sterols (DMI) in the fungus which eventually results in abnormal fungal growth and death.



Untreated fungal hyphae

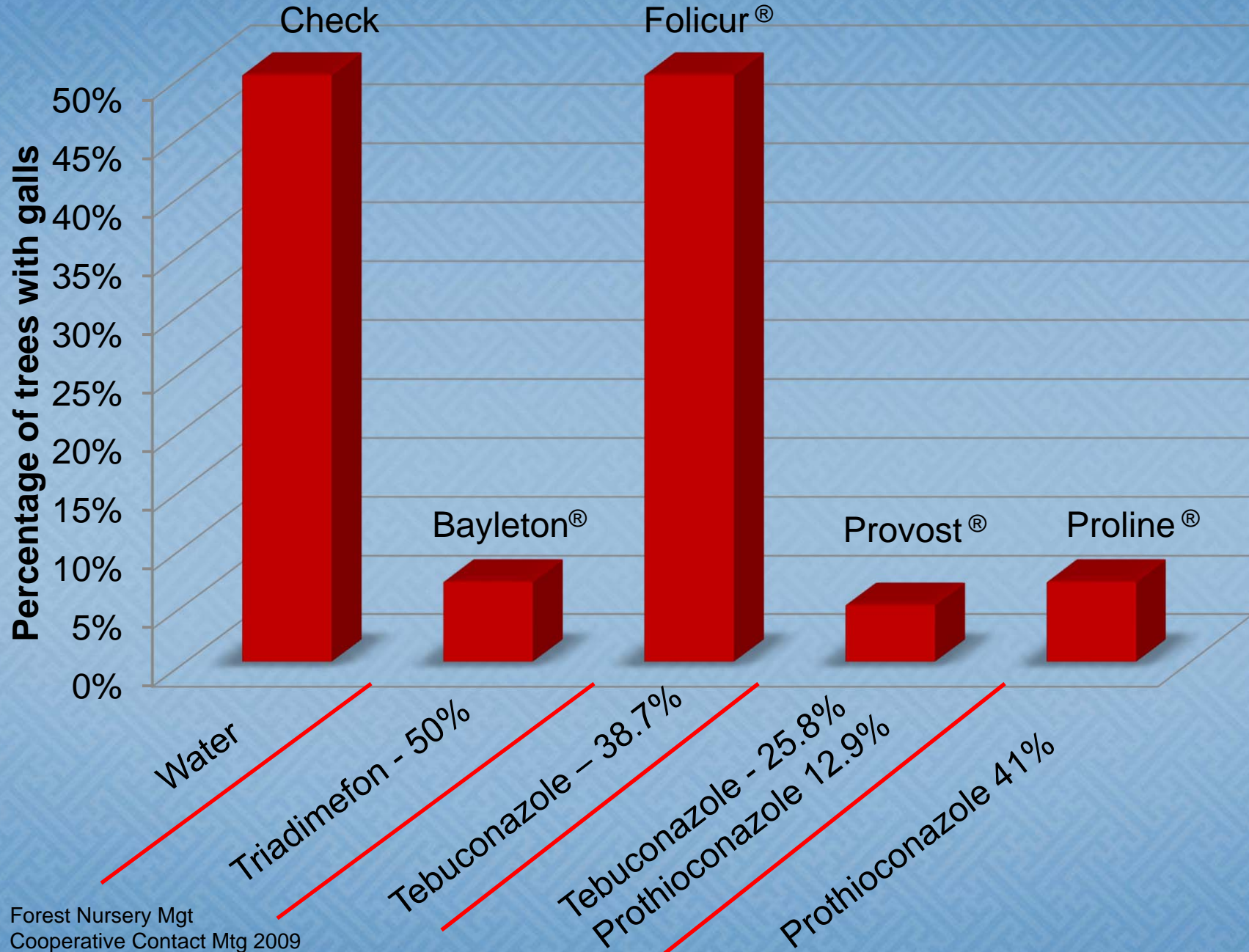


Treated fungal hyphae

# Fusiform Rust

*Cronartium quercum*  
f. sp. *fusiforme*





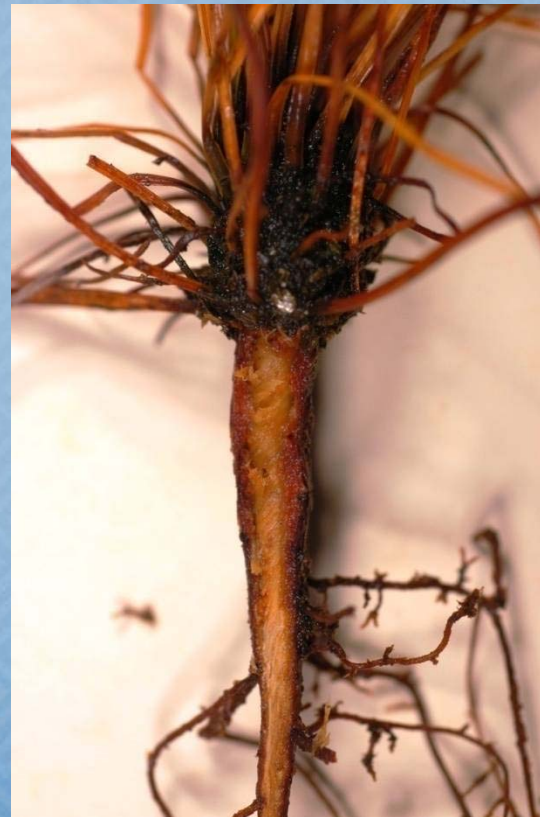
# Fusiform Rust

- 3<sup>rd</sup> year of testing prothioconazole
- 2 years Lob & Slash
- This year looking at interval between applications.
- 2008 - Shellman, Ga. Proline, Provost & Bayleton 0% galls. **Control - 54%**
- 2009 - Shellman, Ga.  
- Proline & Bayleton



# Pitch Canker

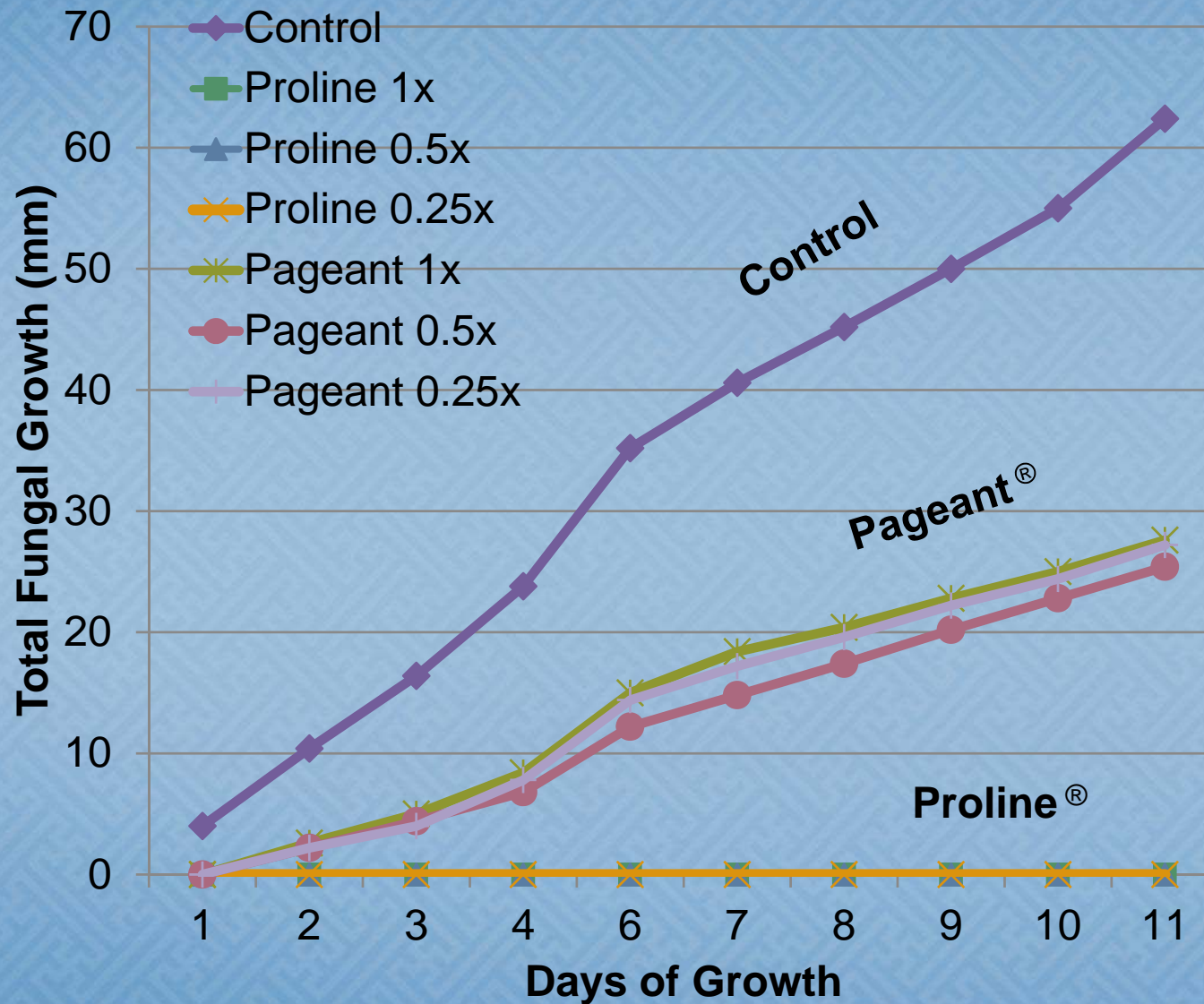
*Fusarium circinatum*



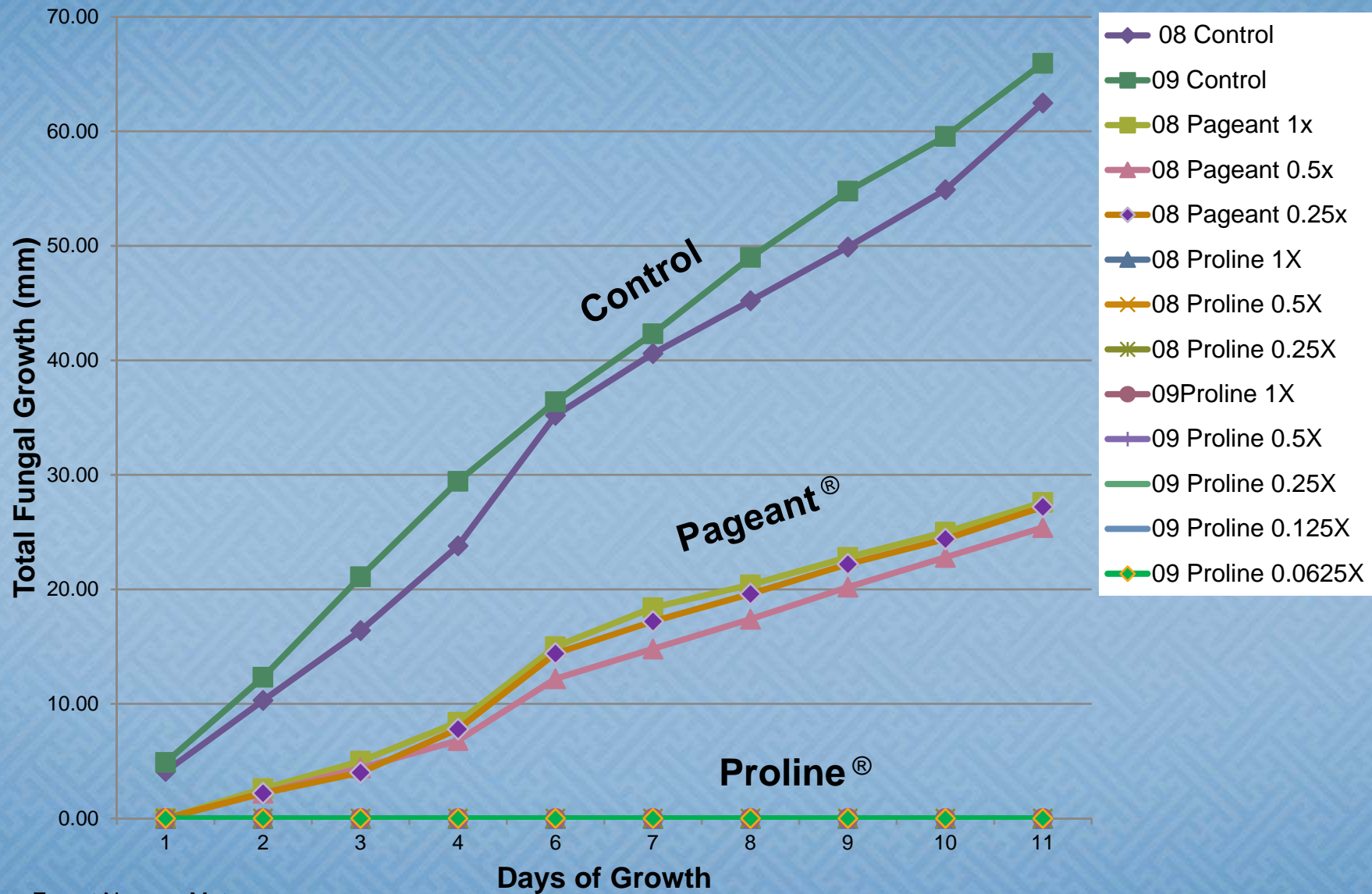
# Pitch Canker

- Lab study
  - *in vitro* fungal growth on amended PDA agar
  - Proline<sup>®</sup> - 2008 - 3 rates, 1x, 0.5x and 0.25x label rate
  - Proline<sup>®</sup> - 2009 - 5 rates, 1x, 0.5x, 0.25x, 0.125x and 0.0625x label rate
  - Pageant<sup>®</sup> (pyraclostrobin 12.8% & boscalid 25.2%) -
    - 2008 - 3 rates, 1x, 0.5x and 0.25 x label rate
  - 20 plates for each fungicide/rate

## Growth of *Fusarium circinatum* on Amended Media 2008



## Growth of *Fusarium circinatum* on Amended Media 2008 & 2009



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*Fusarium circinatum*

**Control**



**Proline<sup>®</sup> 1x**



**Pageant<sup>®</sup> 1x**



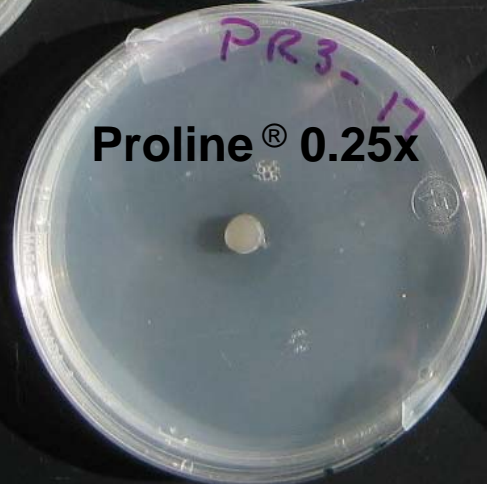
**Proline<sup>®</sup> 0.5x**



**Pageant<sup>®</sup> 0.5x**



**Proline<sup>®</sup> 0.25x**



**Pageant<sup>®</sup> 0.25x**





When plug is placed  
back on unamended  
media – no regrowth

Proline + *Fusarium* = Fungicidal

# 2008 Pitch Canker

- **Greenhouse Study**

- Longleaf seed from a family confirmed to have had Pitch Canker in the past was used.
- To increase fungal pressure, an 8mm agar plug containing *Fusarium circinatum* was added to ½ of the cavities at time of sowing.
- Treatments:
  1. Fungal plug added, no Proline® spray
  2. Fungal plug added , Proline® spray
  3. No fungal plug added, no Proline® spray
  4. No fungal plug added, Proline® spray
- Proline® sprayed at sowing and every 2 wks following germination @ label rate.

# Final Seedling Measurements

	Longleaf	Shoot		Dry Weight
	Percentage of Cavities Filled	Height (in)	RCD (mm)	Shoot (g)
Fungal Plug + Proline®	79 A	12.6 A	4.6 A	1.40 A
Fungal Plug No Proline®	62 C	11.1 B	4.7 A	1.23 B

No Fungal Plug + Proline®	80 A	12.5 A	4.7 A	1.42 A
No Fungal Plug No Proline®	69 B	11.4 B	4.3 B	1.22 B
<i>Isd</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.11</i>

# 2009 Pitch Canker

- **Greenhouse Study**
- Longleaf , Loblolly, Slash, Shortleaf .
- To increase fungal pressure, an 8mm agar plug containing *Fusarium circinatum* was added to ½ of the cavities at time of sowing.
- Treatments:
  1. Fungal plug added, no Proline<sup>®</sup> spray
  2. Fungal plug added , Proline<sup>®</sup> spray
  3. No fungal plug added, no Proline<sup>®</sup> spray
  4. No fungal plug added, Proline<sup>®</sup> spray
- Proline<sup>®</sup> sprayed at sowing and every 2 wks following germination @ label rate.

# 2009 Pitch Canker Results as of 6/16/09

	Longleaf	Loblolly	Slash	Shortleaf
Fungal Plug + Proline®	86.1 a	96.9 a	93.1 a	95.6 a
Fungal Plug No Proline®	77.2 b	95.3 a	85.8 b	89.2 b
No Fungal Plug + Proline®	88.9 a	95.6 a	91.7 ab	95.8 a
No Fungal Plug No Proline®	84.2 a	94.2 a	89.2 ab	90.0 b
<i>lsd</i>	5.4	3.1	5.6	4.2

# Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight

*Rhizoctonia* in the  
*Certobasidium* anastomosis  
group CAG-3



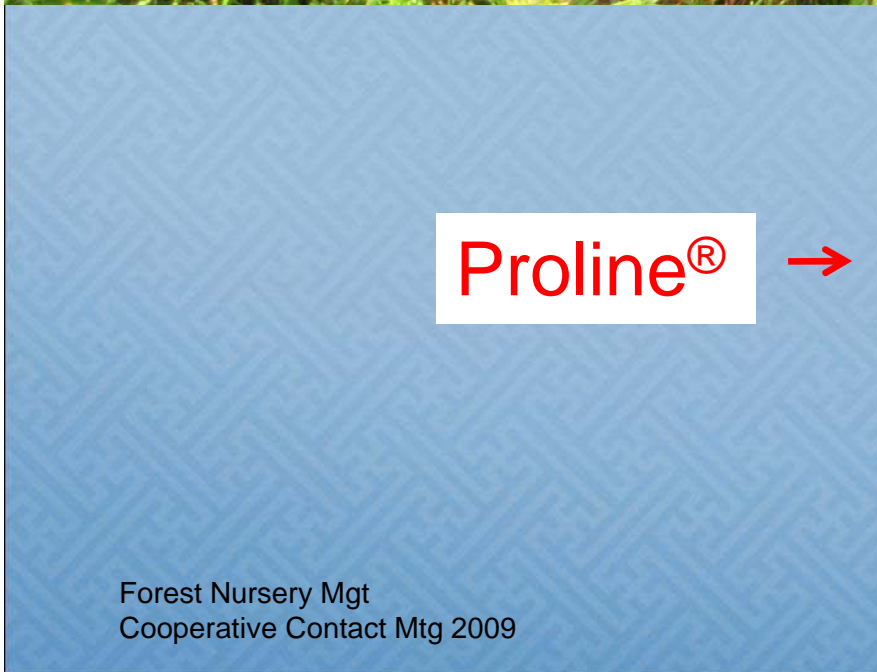
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# Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight

- Longleaf & loblolly pine are susceptible
- Within any one nursery – isolated disease foci rather than entire beds
- Disease becomes a problem when:
  1. Seedling canopy closes
  2. Extended periods of free moisture
  3. Average daily temperatures is around 80°F and falling
  4. Worse in 2<sup>nd</sup> crop year
- Fungicides applied every 2 wks - July 15 – Sept 15.
  1. Proline<sup>®</sup>
  2. Heritage<sup>®</sup> - 50% azoxystrobin



Control



Proline®



# Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight Results

TRT	Seedling Density per sq ft	Disease Incidence <sup>1</sup>	Disease Severity <sup>2</sup>	Seedling loss per sq. ft. <sup>3</sup>	Potential Loss per Acre
Control <sup>4</sup>	22.9 (0.81)	0.354 (0.14)	0.182 (0.07)	3.0 (1.42)	\$4,400
Heritage <sup>®</sup>	23.6	0.162	0.083	1.2	\$1,700
Proline <sup>®</sup>	23.7	0.003	0.001	0.01	\$18
<i>Prob &gt; F</i>	<i>0.7762</i>	<i>0.0004</i>	<i>0.0004</i>	<i>0.0031</i>	-

<sup>1</sup> Incidence = proportion of bed feet within a 1x4' frame with Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight

<sup>2</sup> Severity = proportion of tissue affected by Rhizoctonia Foliar Blight

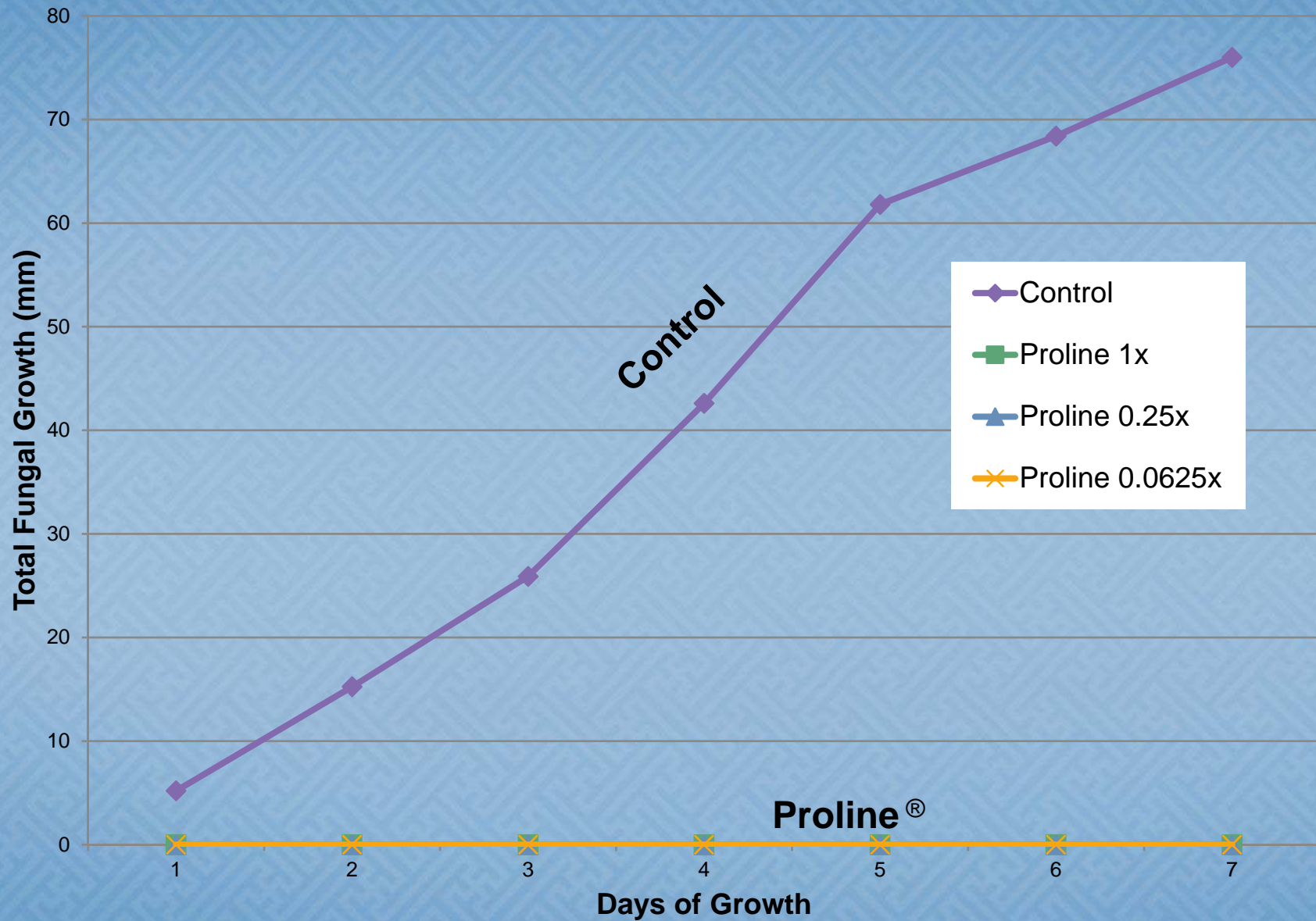
<sup>3</sup> Seedlings loss= # trees/drill x incidence/drill x severity /drill x seedling density

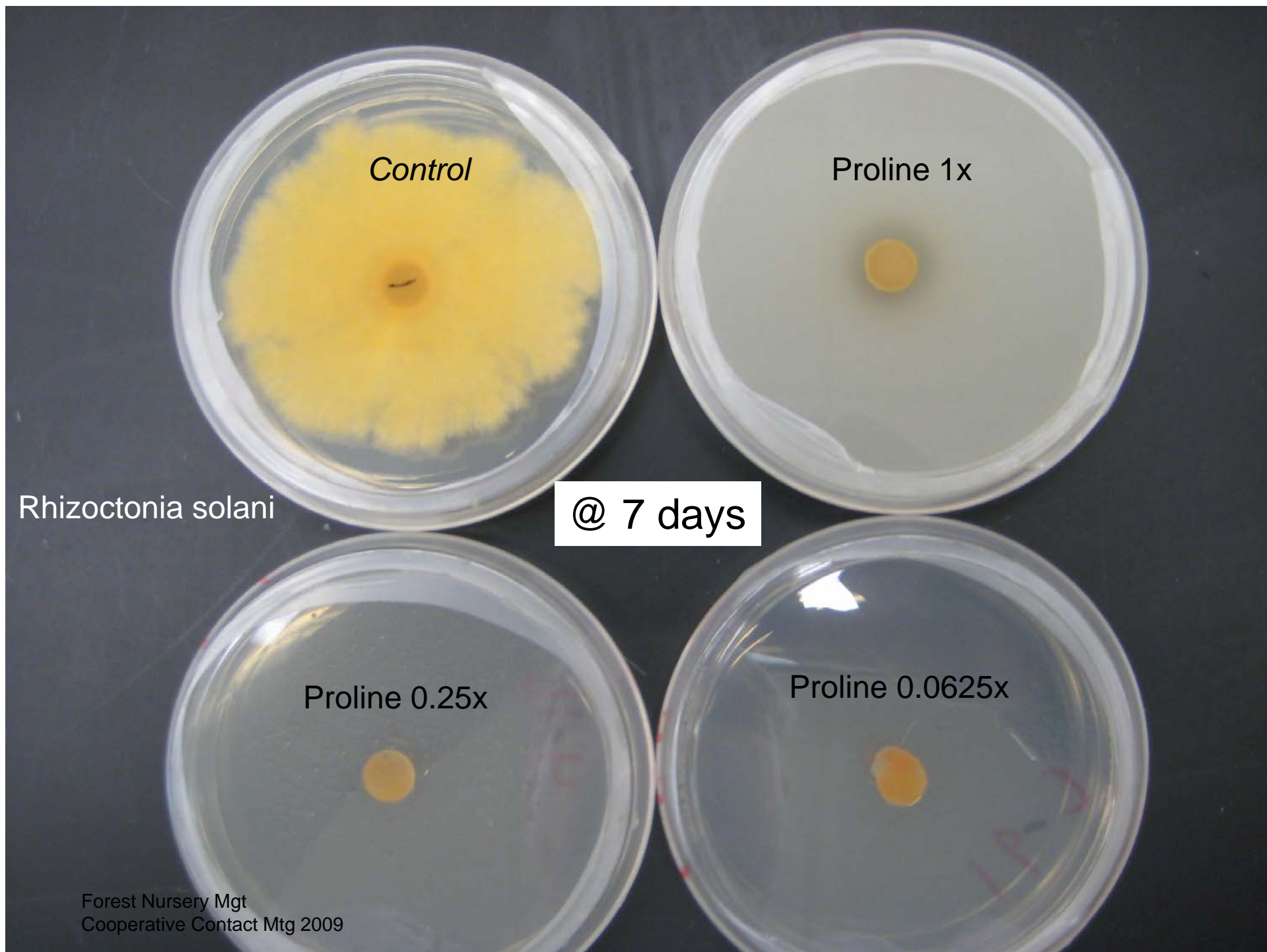
<sup>4</sup> Controls were not included in the statistical analysis due to lack of replication among blocks . Number in parenthesis is standard error of the mean.

# Rhizoctonia

- Lab study
  - *in vitro* fungal growth on amended PDA agar
  - Proline® - 2009 - 3 rates, 1x, 0.25x and 0.0625x label rate
  - 20 plates for each fungicide/rate

## Growth of *Rhizoctonia solani* on Amended Medai 2009





*Control*

Proline 1x

*Rhizoctonia solani*

@ 7 days

Proline 0.25x

Proline 0.0625x



When plug is placed  
back on unamended  
media – regrowth occurred

Proline + *Rhizoctonia* = Fungistatic

# Proline Registration Efforts

- Encouraged by test results
- Supported by Bayer CropScience - even though it is a minor crop/no profit.
- In Nov. 2008 Bayer indicated they would support our effort to obtain a 24(c) label in 6 states for pitch canker and *Rhizoctonia* foliar blight.
- We wanted an additional year of research for fusiform rust before requesting a label.
- However.....

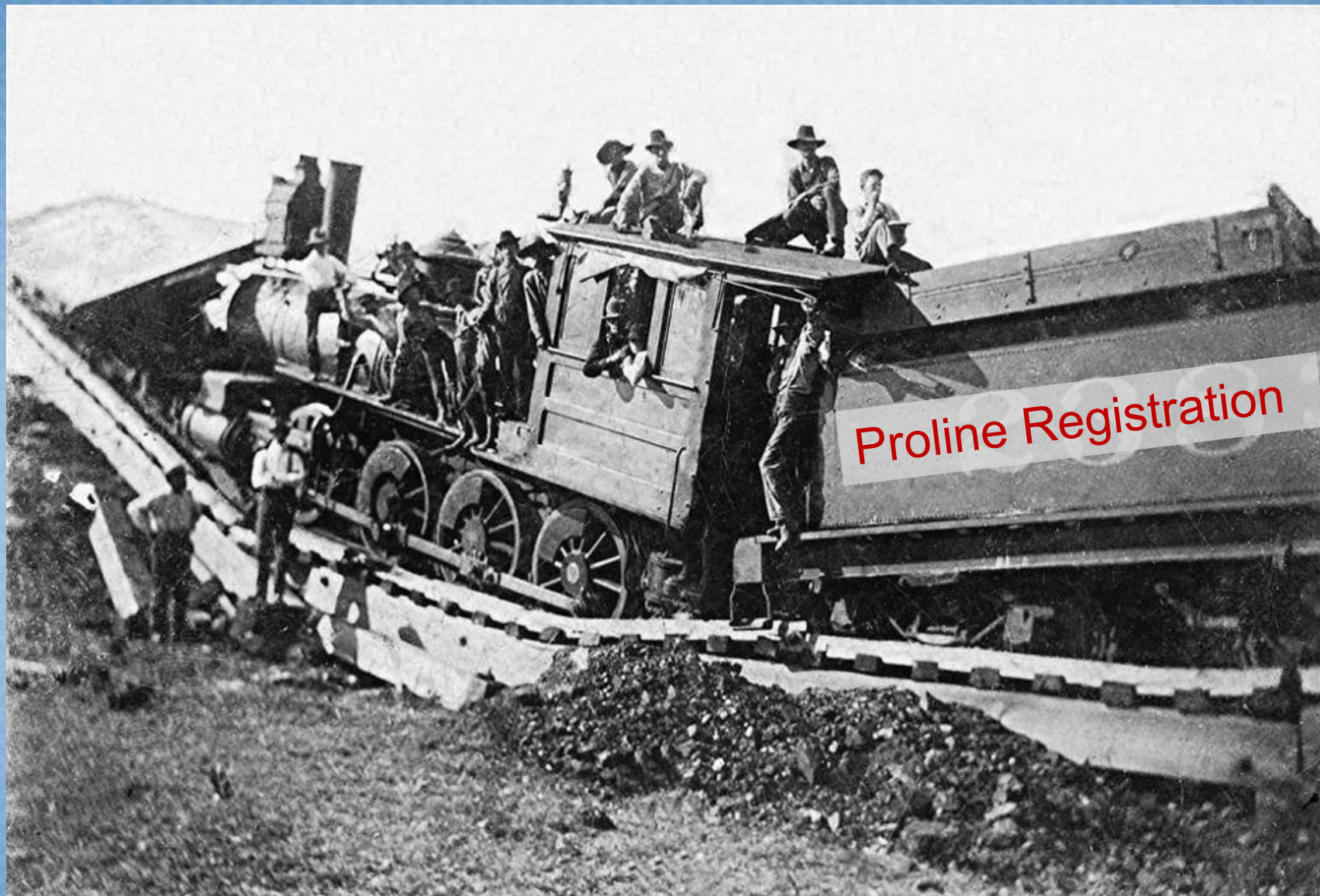
# Proline Registration Efforts

- As of mid-March 2009 - 5 of the 6 states had approved the request for a 24(c) label.
- Then in late March.....



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Proline Registration

# Proline Registration Efforts

- Several sources suggested we approach IR-4.
- *“IR-4 is the "minor use pesticides" program. It is a federal cooperative program established in 1963 to help the producers of minor crops obtain clearances for pest control materials on minor crops.”*



FOOD

# Proline Registration Efforts

- So as of today, after consulting with Bayer CropScience, we will be pursuing a Section 18 label for control of Pitch Canker.
- If and when Bayleton is taken off the market, we will also file a Section 18 label request.



